

فعل "يملك" Verb to HAVE

- It is used as a principal and a helping verb.

يستخدم كفعل رئيسي وفعل مساعد :

Subject فاعل	Present مضارع	Past ماضي	Past participle أسم المفعول
I, you, we, they	have	had	had
He, She, It	has	had	had

نستخدم صيغة المضارع للتعبير عن عادات أو حقائق ثابتة.

نستخدم صيغة الماضي للتعبير عن شيء حصل وانتهى في الماضي.

Negative Sentences with verb to HAVE as a main verb

الجملة المنفية مع فعل "يملك" كفعل رئيسي

Subject فاعل	+ do/does/did	+ not	+ have	+ Complement تكملة
I	do	not	have	a car.
He	does	not	have	A new watch.
They	did	not	have	breakfast this morning.

Making Questions with the verb to HAVE as a main verb

تكوين السؤال مع فعل "يملك" كفعل رئيسي

"Yes" or "No" questions أسئلة إجابتها ب نعم و لا				Short Answers إجابات مختصرة	
				Affirmative إثبات	Negative نفي
Do/Does/Did	+Subject فاعل	+have	+ Complement تكملة	Yes + Subject + do/does/did	No + Subject + do/does/did +not
Do	you	have	a car?	Yes, I do.	No, I do not.
Does	he	have	a new watch?	Yes, he does.	No, he does not
Did	they	have	Breakfast this morning?	Yes, they did.	No, they did not.

Verb to HAVE as a helping verb

فعل "يملك" كفعل مساعد

- Verb to have is used as a helping verb to form the perfect tense.

يستخدم فعل يملك كفعل مساعد ليكون زمن المضارع التام.

أمثلة:

- They **have** lived here for two years.
- Adel **has** just finished his work.

Negative Sentences with verb to HAVE as a helping verb

الجملة المنفية مع فعل "يملك" كفعل مساعد

لتكوين نفي مع فعل يملك نضع بعد **not** هذا الفعل.

أمثلة:

I have lived here for a long time.

I have **not** lived here for a long time.

Making Questions with verb to HAVE as a helping verb

تكوين السؤال مع فعل "يملك" كفعل مساعد

- "Yes" or "No" questions and short answers

الأسئلة بـ نعم و لا و الإجابات مختصرة:

لتكوين سؤال مع فعل يملك كفعل مساعد نقدم هذا الفعل على الفاعل.

مثال:

- They **have lived** here for a long time.
- **Have** they **lived** here for a long time?
- Yes, they **have**. No, they **have** not.

Other Uses of Verb to HAVE

استخدامات أخرى مع فعل "يملك"

- To express necessity in the present and past *have to, has to, had to*.

ليعبّر عن الضرورة في المضارع و الماضي. مثال:

I have to leave now.

- With some modal auxiliaries.

مع بعض الأفعال الناقصة. مثال:

You had better see a doctor.

- To show that something is caused by another person.

ليبين أن شيئاً ما حصل بواسطة شخص آخر. مثال:

I have my shoes cleaned every week.