

# Linking Words

## Remember this:

### Addition

- ..... Besides, .....
- ..... In addition, .....
- ..... Also, .....
- ..... Moreover, .....
- ..... What's more, .....
- ..... Furthermore, .....
- ...not only...but also.....
- ....., as well.
- ....., too.

**Example :** He painted the wall. He cleaned the room, too.

1. He painted the wall. **Besides**, he cleaned the room.
2. He painted the wall. **Moreover**, he cleaned the room.
3. He painted **not only** the wall, **but also** he cleaned the room.
4. **Not only** did he paint the wall, **but also** he cleaned the room.

### Concession/ Contrast:

- Although...../ .....although...
- Though...../.....though.....
- Even if...../ .....even if.....
- Despite...../ .....despite.....
- In spite of...../.....in spite of....
- ..... However,.....
- ... Yet,.....
- ..... Nevertheless,, .....
- ..... Nonetheless,.....
- ..... Whereas,.....
- ....., but.....

**Example 1 :** She came to school. She was sick.

1. **Although** she was sick, she came to school.
2. She came to school **although** she was sick.
3. **Despite** her sickness, she came to school.
  - } **being** sick, she came to school.
  - } **the fact that** she was sick, she came to school.
4. She came to school **despite** her sickness/ **despite being** sick/ **despite the fact that** she was sick.

**Example 2 :** He wears smart clothes. He is poor.

1. He is poor. **However**, he wears smart clothes.
2. He is poor. **Yet**, he wears smart clothes.

**Example 3 :** I like to live in a village. My brother prefers a city.  
I like to live in a village, **whereas** my brother prefers a city.

### Cause/ effect:

- Because...../ .....because...
- As...../.....as.....
- Since...../ .....since.....
- Because of...../ .....because of.....
- Due to...../.....due to....
- Owing to...../.....owing to....
- Thanks to...../ .....thanks to....
- ... Therefore,.....
- .. Consequently,.....
- ..... As a result,.....
- ..... So,.....
- .. Thus,.....

**Example :** He got an excellent mark. Bob worked hard.

1. Bob worked hard. **Therefore**, he got an excellent mark.
2. Bob worked hard. **As a result**, he got an excellent mark.
3. Bob worked hard. **Consequently**, he got an excellent mark.
4. The referee stopped the match **because** it was raining.
5. They cancelled the flight **because of** the bad weather.

### EXERCISE 1 Re-write these sentences as suggested.

1. TV is a source of education. It's a source of entertainment, as well. (Besides)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. He speaks English. He understands Spanish, too. (in addition)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. She sings in the parties. She dances, too. (not only ..but also)  
\_\_\_\_\_

### EXERCISE 2 Re-write these sentences as suggested.

1. Martha is blind. She can write English poems. (Although)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. It was cold in New York. Our vacation was full of fun. (Despite)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Helen ran fast. She lost her final race. (Even if)  
\_\_\_\_\_

### EXERCISE 3 Re-write these sentences as suggested.

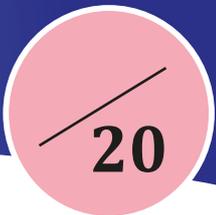
1. Even though he was tired, he played the match. (However)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. We walked to school. It was raining. (Nevertheless)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. He didn't lose any weight. He exercised regularly. (Yet)  
\_\_\_\_\_

### EXERCISE 4 Re-write these sentences as suggested.

1. He is famous. Messi has millions of fans. (because)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. As it was Christmas holiday, the traffic was heavy. (Owing to)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. There was a storm. We had to stay home. (because of)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. She took up an English course. She could speak English.(thanks to)  
\_\_\_\_\_

# QUIZ 4

## Quiz on linking words



### EXERCISE 1 Re-write these sentences as suggested. (10Pts)

1. He can play the piano. He can sing, too. (not only.....but also)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. She drives well. She can't pass her driving license. (Although)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. He managed to win the final round. The boxer trained hard last time. (Therefore)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. It was raining heavily. I had to drive slowly last night. (because)  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. His wife prefers to stay at home. Tom loves to spend his summer holiday abroad. (whereas)  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Because Mr. Carter suffered from asthma, he left the city. (because of)  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. As the boy was young and naïve, he was easily convinced to buy the product. (since)  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Even though he is wealthy, he lives in a small apartment in town. (Despite)  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. The snow didn't melt quickly. It was sunny and shining. (However)  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Although Mark and Sam were in danger, they didn't call for help. (in spite of)  
\_\_\_\_\_

### EXERCISE 2 Fill in each gap with the right linking word from the box. (6Pts)

because of - Despite - but - whereas - However - Although - thanks to

1. \_\_\_\_\_ the rain, the referee didn't stop the football match.
2. My brother had the necessary qualifications. \_\_\_\_\_ ,they didn't offer him the job.
3. \_\_\_\_\_his father is a vice-president, he spends his holiday in the countryside.
4. Emma is tolerant and easy-going, \_\_\_\_\_ her sister is strong-headed and selfish.
5. The husband divorced his wife \_\_\_\_\_her physical handicap.
6. I really want to help you, \_\_\_\_\_ I don't have time.

### EXERCISE 3 Match the following sentences with their appropriate functions. (4Pts)

Sentences	Functions
1. He kept taking drugs. Consequently, he became addicted to cocaine.	a- result
2. In brief, the internet is good and bad at the same time.	b- concession
3. In spite of eating less, Mark is gaining more weight.	c- summarizing
4. Mrs. Brady left her job because of her low salary.	d- adding
5. Students not only ate cakes in the party but also they took pictures.	e- cause/ effect
6. Life in England is hectic, whereas in Morocco is quite peaceful.	f- contrast
7. Vegetarians eat just vegetables such as carrots, tomatoes, etc.	g- explanation
8. Reading books is useful. That is to say, readers can get vocabulary and ideas through reading.	h- examples

1 : \_\_\_\_\_ 2 : \_\_\_\_\_ 3 : \_\_\_\_\_ 4 : \_\_\_\_\_ 5 : \_\_\_\_\_ 6 : \_\_\_\_\_ 7 : \_\_\_\_\_ 8 : \_\_\_\_\_